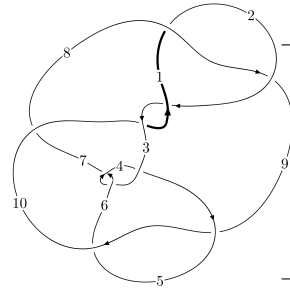
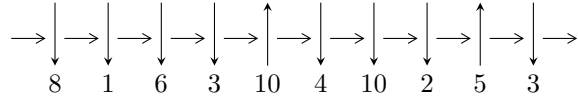


10<sub>133</sub> (K10n<sub>4</sub>)

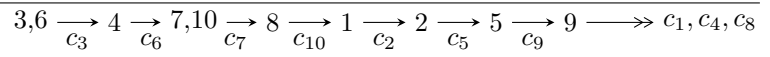


A knot diagram<sup>1</sup>

**Linearized knot diagram**



**Solving Sequence**



**Ideals for irreducible components<sup>2</sup> of  $X_{\text{par}}$**

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_1^u &= \langle u^{11} + 5u^{10} + 9u^9 + 2u^8 - 15u^7 - 18u^6 + u^5 + 13u^4 + 5u^3 - u^2 + 4b - 7u + 1, \\
 &\quad - u^{11} - 5u^{10} - 11u^9 - 8u^8 + 9u^7 + 24u^6 + 13u^5 - 7u^4 - 13u^3 - 3u^2 + 2a + 5u + 5, \\
 &\quad u^{12} + 4u^{11} + 8u^{10} + 5u^9 - 5u^8 - 15u^7 - 9u^6 + 8u^4 + 2u^3 - 2u^2 - 4u - 1 \rangle \\
 I_2^u &= \langle b^3 + b^2 + 2b + 1, a, u - 1 \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

\* 2 irreducible components of  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$ , with total 15 representations.

<sup>1</sup>The image of knot diagram is generated by the software “**Draw programme**” developed by Andrew Bartholomew(<http://www.layer8.co.uk/maths/draw/index.htm#Running-draw>), where we modified some parts for our purpose(<https://github.com/CATsTAILs/LinksPainter>).

<sup>2</sup>All coefficients of polynomials are rational numbers. But the coefficients are sometimes approximated in decimal forms when there is not enough margin.

I.

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{11} + 5u^{10} + \dots + 4b + 1, -u^{11} - 5u^{10} + \dots + 2a + 5, u^{12} + 4u^{11} + \dots - 4u - 1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_6 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_7 = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ -u^3 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}u^{11} + \frac{5}{2}u^{10} + \dots - \frac{5}{2}u - \frac{5}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{4}u^{11} - \frac{5}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{7}{4}u - \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_8 = \begin{pmatrix} u^4 - u^2 - 2u + 1 \\ -\frac{1}{4}u^{11} - \frac{3}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{3}{4}u + \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{4}u^{11} + \frac{15}{4}u^{10} + \dots - \frac{17}{4}u - \frac{9}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{4}u^{11} - \frac{5}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{7}{4}u - \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{4}u^{11} - \frac{3}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{3}{4}u + \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{4}u^{11} + \frac{3}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{1}{4}u - \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_5 = \begin{pmatrix} -u^2 + 1 \\ u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_9 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2}u^{11} + \frac{9}{2}u^{10} + \dots - \frac{3}{2}u - \frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{4}u^{11} - \frac{7}{4}u^{10} + \dots + \frac{1}{4}u - \frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) Obstruction class = -1

(iii) Cusp Shapes

$$= 2u^{11} + \frac{17}{2}u^{10} + 16u^9 + \frac{13}{2}u^8 - \frac{39}{2}u^7 - 34u^6 - 9u^5 + \frac{35}{2}u^4 + 19u^3 + \frac{3}{2}u^2 - 12u - \frac{19}{2}$$

(iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_8$	$u^{12} + 2u^{11} + u^{10} - 2u^9 + u^8 + 6u^7 + 4u^6 - 3u^5 + 6u^3 + 3u^2 - u - 1$
$c_2, c_{10}$	$u^{12} + 2u^{11} + \dots + 7u + 1$
$c_3, c_6$	$u^{12} - 4u^{11} + 8u^{10} - 5u^9 - 5u^8 + 15u^7 - 9u^6 + 8u^4 - 2u^3 - 2u^2 + 4u - 1$
$c_4$	$u^{12} + 14u^{10} + \dots + 12u + 1$
$c_5, c_9$	$u^{12} + u^{11} + \dots + 36u + 8$
$c_7$	$u^{12} - 2u^{11} + \dots - 175u - 49$

(v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_8$	$y^{12} - 2y^{11} + \dots - 7y + 1$
$c_2, c_{10}$	$y^{12} + 18y^{11} + \dots - 7y + 1$
$c_3, c_6$	$y^{12} + 14y^{10} + \dots - 12y + 1$
$c_4$	$y^{12} + 28y^{11} + \dots - 136y + 1$
$c_5, c_9$	$y^{12} - 21y^{11} + \dots - 464y + 64$
$c_7$	$y^{12} + 54y^{11} + \dots - 39739y + 2401$

(vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = -0.267707 + 0.884422I$ $a = 0.991606 + 0.968229I$ $b = 0.208639 - 1.095630I$	$3.72986 - 1.03019I$	$-1.27943 + 1.44119I$
$u = -0.267707 - 0.884422I$ $a = 0.991606 - 0.968229I$ $b = 0.208639 + 1.095630I$	$3.72986 + 1.03019I$	$-1.27943 - 1.44119I$
$u = -0.561933 + 0.696285I$ $a = -0.925264 - 0.846250I$ $b = -0.544421 + 1.250460I$	$2.66318 + 4.39533I$	$-2.94428 - 5.22312I$
$u = -0.561933 - 0.696285I$ $a = -0.925264 + 0.846250I$ $b = -0.544421 - 1.250460I$	$2.66318 - 4.39533I$	$-2.94428 + 5.22312I$
$u = 1.11609$ $a = 0.469158$ $b = -0.247448$	$-2.23241$	$0.00782210$
$u = 0.703419 + 0.354505I$ $a = 0.543453 + 0.851824I$ $b = -0.137910 - 0.436156I$	$-0.87372 - 1.32529I$	$-6.28742 + 4.78445I$
$u = 0.703419 - 0.354505I$ $a = 0.543453 - 0.851824I$ $b = -0.137910 + 0.436156I$	$-0.87372 + 1.32529I$	$-6.28742 - 4.78445I$
$u = -1.18067 + 1.13803I$ $a = -0.702429 - 1.111310I$ $b = -0.15451 + 1.86459I$	$14.0447 + 7.7983I$	$-3.16952 - 4.22102I$
$u = -1.18067 - 1.13803I$ $a = -0.702429 + 1.111310I$ $b = -0.15451 - 1.86459I$	$14.0447 - 7.7983I$	$-3.16952 + 4.22102I$
$u = -1.10559 + 1.21488I$ $a = 0.744589 + 1.118150I$ $b = 0.11602 - 1.80584I$	$14.3370 + 0.8045I$	$-2.71291 + 0.16086I$

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = -1.10559 - 1.21488I$		
$a = 0.744589 - 1.118150I$	$14.3370 - 0.8045I$	$-2.71291 - 0.16086I$
$b = 0.11602 + 1.80584I$		
$u = -0.291129$		
$a = -1.77307$	$-1.41716$	$-6.22070$
$b = -0.728189$		

$$\text{II. } I_2^u = \langle b^3 + b^2 + 2b + 1, a, u - 1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_6 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_7 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_8 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -b^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -b \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} b^2 + 1 \\ -b^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_5 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_9 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) Obstruction class = 1

(iii) Cusp Shapes =  $-7b^2 - 5b - 17$

(iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$u^3 - u^2 + 1$
$c_2$	$u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1$
$c_3$	$(u - 1)^3$
$c_4, c_6$	$(u + 1)^3$
$c_5, c_9$	$u^3$
$c_7, c_{10}$	$u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1$
$c_8$	$u^3 + u^2 - 1$



(v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_8$	$y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1$
$c_2, c_7, c_{10}$	$y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1$
$c_3, c_4, c_6$	$(y - 1)^3$
$c_5, c_9$	$y^3$

(vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_2^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = 1.00000$ $a = 0$ $b = -0.215080 + 1.307140I$	$1.37919 + 2.82812I$	$-4.28809 - 2.59975I$
$u = 1.00000$ $a = 0$ $b = -0.215080 - 1.307140I$	$1.37919 - 2.82812I$	$-4.28809 + 2.59975I$
$u = 1.00000$ $a = 0$ $b = -0.569840$	$-2.75839$	$-16.4240$

### III. u-Polynomials

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$(u^3 - u^2 + 1)$ $\cdot (u^{12} + 2u^{11} + u^{10} - 2u^9 + u^8 + 6u^7 + 4u^6 - 3u^5 + 6u^3 + 3u^2 - u - 1)$
$c_2$	$(u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1)(u^{12} + 2u^{11} + \dots + 7u + 1)$
$c_3$	$(u - 1)^3$ $\cdot (u^{12} - 4u^{11} + 8u^{10} - 5u^9 - 5u^8 + 15u^7 - 9u^6 + 8u^4 - 2u^3 - 2u^2 + 4u - 1)$
$c_4$	$((u + 1)^3)(u^{12} + 14u^{10} + \dots + 12u + 1)$
$c_5, c_9$	$u^3(u^{12} + u^{11} + \dots + 36u + 8)$
$c_6$	$(u + 1)^3$ $\cdot (u^{12} - 4u^{11} + 8u^{10} - 5u^9 - 5u^8 + 15u^7 - 9u^6 + 8u^4 - 2u^3 - 2u^2 + 4u - 1)$
$c_7$	$(u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1)(u^{12} - 2u^{11} + \dots - 175u - 49)$
$c_8$	$(u^3 + u^2 - 1)$ $\cdot (u^{12} + 2u^{11} + u^{10} - 2u^9 + u^8 + 6u^7 + 4u^6 - 3u^5 + 6u^3 + 3u^2 - u - 1)$
$c_{10}$	$(u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1)(u^{12} + 2u^{11} + \dots + 7u + 1)$

#### IV. Riley Polynomials

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_8$	$(y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{12} - 2y^{11} + \dots - 7y + 1)$
$c_2, c_{10}$	$(y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{12} + 18y^{11} + \dots - 7y + 1)$
$c_3, c_6$	$((y - 1)^3)(y^{12} + 14y^{10} + \dots - 12y + 1)$
$c_4$	$((y - 1)^3)(y^{12} + 28y^{11} + \dots - 136y + 1)$
$c_5, c_9$	$y^3(y^{12} - 21y^{11} + \dots - 464y + 64)$
$c_7$	$(y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1)(y^{12} + 54y^{11} + \dots - 39739y + 2401)$