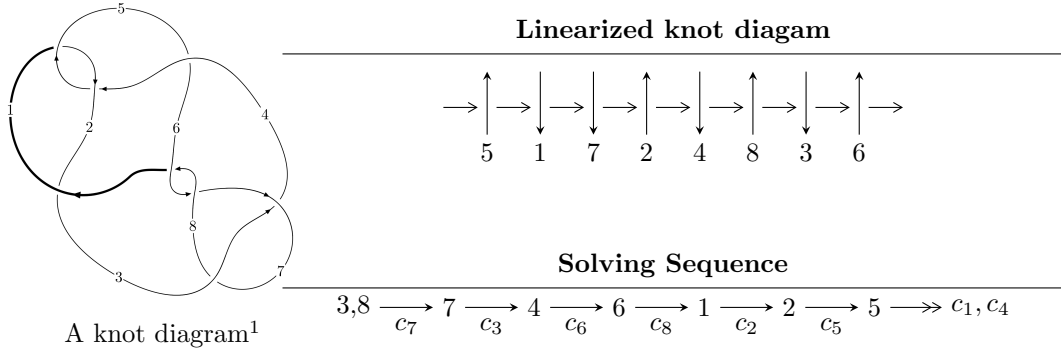


$\delta_{12} (K8a_5)$



**Ideals for irreducible components<sup>2</sup> of  $X_{\text{par}}$**

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{14} - u^{13} + 3u^{12} - 2u^{11} + 6u^{10} - 3u^9 + 7u^8 - 2u^7 + 6u^6 + 4u^4 + 2u^2 + u + 1 \rangle$$

\* 1 irreducible components of  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$ , with total 14 representations.

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<sup>1</sup>The image of knot diagram is generated by the software “**Draw programme**” developed by Andrew Bartholomew(<http://www.layer8.co.uk/maths/draw/index.htm#Running-draw>), where we modified some parts for our purpose(<https://github.com/CATsTAILs/LinksPainter>).

<sup>2</sup>All coefficients of polynomials are rational numbers. But the coefficients are sometimes approximated in decimal forms when there is not enough margin.

$$I_1^u = \langle u^{14} - u^{13} + 3u^{12} - 2u^{11} + 6u^{10} - 3u^9 + 7u^8 - 2u^7 + 6u^6 + 4u^4 + 2u^2 + u + 1 \rangle \quad \mathbf{I.}$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_8 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_7 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_4 = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ u^3 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_6 = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 + 1 \\ -u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} u^4 + u^2 + 1 \\ -u^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} u^9 + 2u^7 + 3u^5 + 2u^3 + u \\ -u^9 - u^7 - u^5 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_5 = \begin{pmatrix} u^6 + u^4 + 2u^2 + 1 \\ -u^8 - 2u^6 - 2u^4 - 2u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) Obstruction class = -1

(iii) Cusp Shapes

$$= 4u^{12} - 4u^{11} + 8u^{10} - 8u^9 + 16u^8 - 12u^7 + 12u^6 - 12u^5 + 8u^4 - 4u^3 + 4u^2 - 8u - 2$$

(iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - u + 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$u^{14} + 5u^{13} + \dots + 3u + 1$
$c_3, c_7$	$u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots + u + 1$
$c_6, c_8$	$u^{14} - 5u^{13} + \dots - 3u + 1$

(v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_3, c_4$ $c_7$	$y^{14} + 5y^{13} + \dots + 3y + 1$
$c_2, c_5, c_6$ $c_8$	$y^{14} + 9y^{13} + \dots + 15y + 1$

(vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = 0.772300 + 0.626535I$	$-1.19029 + 3.41271I$	$-2.10600 - 2.62516I$
$u = 0.772300 - 0.626535I$	$-1.19029 - 3.41271I$	$-2.10600 + 2.62516I$
$u = -0.050221 + 1.076790I$	$4.64273 + 2.76747I$	$5.41762 - 3.21377I$
$u = -0.050221 - 1.076790I$	$4.64273 - 2.76747I$	$5.41762 + 3.21377I$
$u = 0.727524 + 0.860849I$	$-4.64273 - 2.76747I$	$-5.41762 + 3.21377I$
$u = 0.727524 - 0.860849I$	$-4.64273 + 2.76747I$	$-5.41762 - 3.21377I$
$u = -0.494052 + 0.663856I$	$0.022819 + 1.377700I$	$0.88590 - 4.12207I$
$u = -0.494052 - 0.663856I$	$0.022819 - 1.377700I$	$0.88590 + 4.12207I$
$u = -0.622207 + 1.001070I$	$1.19029 + 3.41271I$	$2.10600 - 2.62516I$
$u = -0.622207 - 1.001070I$	$1.19029 - 3.41271I$	$2.10600 + 2.62516I$
$u = 0.683715 + 1.025590I$	$-8.93586I$	$0. + 7.26077I$
$u = 0.683715 - 1.025590I$	$8.93586I$	$0. - 7.26077I$
$u = -0.517057 + 0.454483I$	$-0.022819 + 1.377700I$	$-0.88590 - 4.12207I$
$u = -0.517057 - 0.454483I$	$-0.022819 - 1.377700I$	$-0.88590 + 4.12207I$

## II. u-Polynomials

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_4$	$u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - u + 1$
$c_2, c_5$	$u^{14} + 5u^{13} + \dots + 3u + 1$
$c_3, c_7$	$u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots + u + 1$
$c_6, c_8$	$u^{14} - 5u^{13} + \dots - 3u + 1$

### III. Riley Polynomials

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_3, c_4$ $c_7$	$y^{14} + 5y^{13} + \dots + 3y + 1$
$c_2, c_5, c_6$ $c_8$	$y^{14} + 9y^{13} + \dots + 15y + 1$