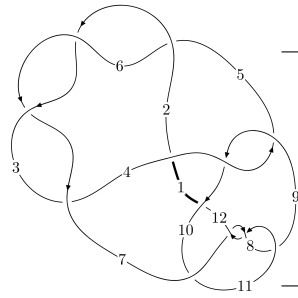
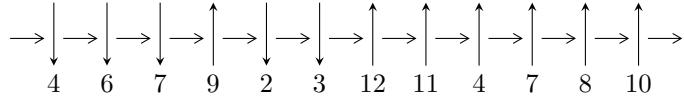


12n<sub>0723</sub> (K12n<sub>0723</sub>)



A knot diagram<sup>1</sup>

**Linearized knot diagram**



**Solving Sequence**

$$7,12 \xrightarrow{c_7} 4,8 \xrightarrow{c_3} 3 \xrightarrow{c_6} 6 \xrightarrow{c_2} 2 \xrightarrow{c_5} 5 \xrightarrow{c_{11}} 11 \xrightarrow{c_{10}} 10 \xrightarrow{c_{12}} 1 \xrightarrow{c_9} 9 \rightsquigarrow c_1, c_4, c_8$$

**Ideals for irreducible components<sup>2</sup> of  $X_{\text{par}}$**

$$I_1^u = \langle -u^{14} + 2u^{13} + \dots + 2b - 1, -u^{14} + 4u^{13} + \dots + 2a + 4, u^{15} - 3u^{14} + \dots - 3u + 1 \rangle$$

$$I_2^u = \langle -au + b, u^2a + a^2 + au - 2u^2 + 2a - u - 3, u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1 \rangle$$

\* 2 irreducible components of  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$ , with total 21 representations.

<sup>1</sup>The image of knot diagram is generated by the software “**Draw programme**” developed by Andrew Bartholomew(<http://www.layer8.co.uk/maths/draw/index.htm#Running-draw>), where we modified some parts for our purpose(<https://github.com/CATsTAILs/LinksPainter>).

<sup>2</sup>All coefficients of polynomials are rational numbers. But the coefficients are sometimes approximated in decimal forms when there is not enough margin.

$$\langle -u^{14} + 2u^{13} + \dots + 2b - 1, -u^{14} + 4u^{13} + \dots + 2a + 4, u^{15} - 3u^{14} + \dots - 3u + 1 \rangle$$

I.  $I_1^u =$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_7 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - 2u^{13} + \dots + 9u - 2 \\ \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots + \frac{1}{2}u + \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_8 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_3 = \begin{pmatrix} u^{14} - 3u^{13} + \dots + \frac{19}{2}u - \frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots + \frac{1}{2}u + \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_6 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}u^{12} + u^{11} + \dots - \frac{7}{2}u + \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots + \frac{3}{2}u - \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - u^{13} + \dots - \frac{7}{2}u^2 + 5u \\ -\frac{1}{2}u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - \frac{1}{2}u + \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_5 = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2}u^{14} + u^{13} + \dots - 7u + 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}u^{14} - 2u^{13} + \dots + \frac{5}{2}u - \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ u^3 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} -u^3 - 2u \\ u^3 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} u^7 + 4u^5 + 4u^3 \\ -u^7 - 3u^5 - 2u^3 + u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_9 = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 + 1 \\ -u^4 - 2u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) Obstruction class = -1

(iii) Cusp Shapes =

$$-\frac{1}{2}u^{13} + \frac{1}{2}u^{12} - \frac{7}{2}u^{11} + \frac{5}{2}u^{10} - \frac{17}{2}u^9 + \frac{11}{2}u^8 - 13u^7 + \frac{27}{2}u^6 - \frac{53}{2}u^5 + 26u^4 - \frac{69}{2}u^3 + 18u^2 - 11u - \frac{9}{2}$$

(iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$u^{15} - 18u^{14} + \dots + 4668u + 207$
$c_2, c_3, c_5$ $c_6$	$u^{15} + 4u^{14} + \dots + 6u - 1$
$c_4, c_9$	$u^{15} + u^{14} + \dots - 96u - 64$
$c_7, c_8, c_{11}$	$u^{15} + 3u^{14} + \dots - 3u - 1$
$c_{10}$	$u^{15} - 3u^{14} + \dots - 37u - 41$
$c_{12}$	$u^{15} - u^{14} + \dots - 15u - 3$

(v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$y^{15} - 110y^{14} + \dots + 14260806y - 42849$
$c_2, c_3, c_5$ $c_6$	$y^{15} - 26y^{14} + \dots + 46y - 1$
$c_4, c_9$	$y^{15} + 35y^{14} + \dots + 33792y - 4096$
$c_7, c_8, c_{11}$	$y^{15} + 17y^{14} + \dots - 15y - 1$
$c_{10}$	$y^{15} + 21y^{14} + \dots - 37007y - 1681$
$c_{12}$	$y^{15} + 41y^{14} + \dots + 273y - 9$

(vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = 0.900691 + 0.591172I$ $a = -1.46534 + 1.01047I$ $b = 1.91718 - 0.04386I$	$17.6730 + 2.9604I$	$-3.47231 - 2.17330I$
$u = 0.900691 - 0.591172I$ $a = -1.46534 - 1.01047I$ $b = 1.91718 + 0.04386I$	$17.6730 - 2.9604I$	$-3.47231 + 2.17330I$
$u = 0.508960 + 0.560149I$ $a = 1.18891 - 1.58128I$ $b = -1.49086 + 0.13884I$	$-8.38938 + 1.78426I$	$-4.62403 - 2.81000I$
$u = 0.508960 - 0.560149I$ $a = 1.18891 + 1.58128I$ $b = -1.49086 - 0.13884I$	$-8.38938 - 1.78426I$	$-4.62403 + 2.81000I$
$u = -0.184001 + 1.341680I$ $a = -0.211499 - 0.179174I$ $b = -0.279310 + 0.250795I$	$-3.45010 - 2.42340I$	$3.50251 + 0.27987I$
$u = -0.184001 - 1.341680I$ $a = -0.211499 + 0.179174I$ $b = -0.279310 - 0.250795I$	$-3.45010 + 2.42340I$	$3.50251 - 0.27987I$
$u = -0.03840 + 1.49525I$ $a = 0.358226 + 0.638671I$ $b = 0.968727 - 0.511112I$	$-7.29450 + 0.31744I$	$-5.62657 - 1.11275I$
$u = -0.03840 - 1.49525I$ $a = 0.358226 - 0.638671I$ $b = 0.968727 + 0.511112I$	$-7.29450 - 0.31744I$	$-5.62657 + 1.11275I$
$u = -0.498442$ $a = -0.328877$ $b = -0.163926$	$0.854874$	$12.4950$
$u = 0.14640 + 1.58860I$ $a = -0.162813 - 1.015850I$ $b = -1.58994 + 0.40736I$	$-15.7392 + 4.1680I$	$-6.43676 - 2.09201I$

Solutions to $I_1^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = 0.14640 - 1.58860I$		
$a = -0.162813 + 1.015850I$	$-15.7392 - 4.1680I$	$-6.43676 + 2.09201I$
$b = -1.58994 - 0.40736I$		
$u = 0.33131 + 1.59485I$		
$a = -0.156693 + 1.177500I$	$10.55240 + 7.55501I$	$-5.88870 - 2.72866I$
$b = 1.92985 - 0.14022I$		
$u = 0.33131 - 1.59485I$		
$a = -0.156693 - 1.177500I$	$10.55240 - 7.55501I$	$-5.88870 + 2.72866I$
$b = 1.92985 + 0.14022I$		
$u = 0.084263 + 0.319070I$		
$a = 0.11365 + 1.99296I$	$-1.181970 + 0.424054I$	$-6.20164 - 1.93342I$
$b = 0.626317 - 0.204194I$		
$u = 0.084263 - 0.319070I$		
$a = 0.11365 - 1.99296I$	$-1.181970 - 0.424054I$	$-6.20164 + 1.93342I$
$b = 0.626317 + 0.204194I$		

$$\text{II. } I_2^u = \langle -au + b, u^2a + a^2 + au - 2u^2 + 2a - u - 3, u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1 \rangle$$

(i) Arc colorings

$$a_7 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{12} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ u \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_4 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ au \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_8 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -u^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_3 = \begin{pmatrix} au + a \\ au \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_6 = \begin{pmatrix} -au + u^2 - a + u + 2 \\ -au - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 - a + u + 1 \\ -au - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_5 = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ au \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} -u \\ -u^2 - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{10} = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 + 1 \\ -u^2 - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_9 = \begin{pmatrix} u^2 + 1 \\ -u^2 - u - 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii) Obstruction class = 1

(iii) Cusp Shapes =  $-u^2a + 3u^2 + a + 5u$

(iv) u-Polynomials at the component

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_2, c_3$	$(u^2 + u - 1)^3$
$c_4, c_9$	$u^6$
$c_5, c_6$	$(u^2 - u - 1)^3$
$c_7, c_8$	$(u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1)^2$
$c_{10}, c_{12}$	$(u^3 + u^2 - 1)^2$
$c_{11}$	$(u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1)^2$



(v) Riley Polynomials at the component

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1, c_2, c_3$ $c_5, c_6$	$(y^2 - 3y + 1)^3$
$c_4, c_9$	$y^6$
$c_7, c_8, c_{11}$	$(y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1)^2$
$c_{10}, c_{12}$	$(y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)^2$

(vi) Complex Volumes and Cusp Shapes

Solutions to $I_2^u$	$\sqrt{-1}(\text{vol} + \sqrt{-1}CS)$	Cusp shape
$u = -0.215080 + 1.307140I$ $a = -0.198308 - 1.205210I$ $b = 1.61803$	$-11.90680 - 2.82812I$	$-5.91278 + 1.52866I$
$u = -0.215080 + 1.307140I$ $a = 0.075747 + 0.460350I$ $b = -0.618034$	$-4.01109 - 2.82812I$	$-6.11966 + 6.11708I$
$u = -0.215080 - 1.307140I$ $a = -0.198308 + 1.205210I$ $b = 1.61803$	$-11.90680 + 2.82812I$	$-5.91278 - 1.52866I$
$u = -0.215080 - 1.307140I$ $a = 0.075747 - 0.460350I$ $b = -0.618034$	$-4.01109 + 2.82812I$	$-6.11966 - 6.11708I$
$u = -0.569840$ $a = 1.08457$ $b = -0.618034$	0.126494	-1.14270
$u = -0.569840$ $a = -2.83945$ $b = 1.61803$	-7.76919	-3.79250

### III. u-Polynomials

Crossings	u-Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$((u^2 + u - 1)^3)(u^{15} - 18u^{14} + \dots + 4668u + 207)$
$c_2, c_3$	$((u^2 + u - 1)^3)(u^{15} + 4u^{14} + \dots + 6u - 1)$
$c_4, c_9$	$u^6(u^{15} + u^{14} + \dots - 96u - 64)$
$c_5, c_6$	$((u^2 - u - 1)^3)(u^{15} + 4u^{14} + \dots + 6u - 1)$
$c_7, c_8$	$((u^3 + u^2 + 2u + 1)^2)(u^{15} + 3u^{14} + \dots - 3u - 1)$
$c_{10}$	$((u^3 + u^2 - 1)^2)(u^{15} - 3u^{14} + \dots - 37u - 41)$
$c_{11}$	$((u^3 - u^2 + 2u - 1)^2)(u^{15} + 3u^{14} + \dots - 3u - 1)$
$c_{12}$	$((u^3 + u^2 - 1)^2)(u^{15} - u^{14} + \dots - 15u - 3)$

#### IV. Riley Polynomials

Crossings	Riley Polynomials at each crossing
$c_1$	$((y^2 - 3y + 1)^3)(y^{15} - 110y^{14} + \dots + 1.42608 \times 10^7 y - 42849)$
$c_2, c_3, c_5$ $c_6$	$((y^2 - 3y + 1)^3)(y^{15} - 26y^{14} + \dots + 46y - 1)$
$c_4, c_9$	$y^6(y^{15} + 35y^{14} + \dots + 33792y - 4096)$
$c_7, c_8, c_{11}$	$((y^3 + 3y^2 + 2y - 1)^2)(y^{15} + 17y^{14} + \dots - 15y - 1)$
$c_{10}$	$((y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)^2)(y^{15} + 21y^{14} + \dots - 37007y - 1681)$
$c_{12}$	$((y^3 - y^2 + 2y - 1)^2)(y^{15} + 41y^{14} + \dots + 273y - 9)$